

Package leaflet: information for the user

Microgynon 30, 0.15 mg/0.03 mg coated tablets

levonorgestrel / ethinylestradiol

Read carefully the entire leaflet before you take this goes use, because there is important information in for you.

Keep this leaflet. Maybe you have it later again need.

Does you still questions? Then contact your doctor or pharmacist.

Do not give this medicine not to others , because it isonly prescribed to you only. The can be harmful to others ,even if they have the same symptoms as you. If you experience any of the side effects side effects that are in section 4 listed? Or do you get a side effect that is not in this leaflet listed ? Then contactyour doctor or pharmacist ..

Important things you need to know about combined hormonal contraceptives:

These agents are one of the most reliable reversible contraceptive methods contraceptive methods, provided correct used

They give a slightly higher risk of the formation of a blood clot (thrombosis) in the veins and arteries, especially in the first year that you use a combined hormonal contraceptive or if you after an interruption of 4 weeks weeks of longer again begins with the use of a combined hormonal contraceptive

Pay close attention and contact your doctor if you thinks that you possibly symptoms of a blood clot have (see section 2 'Blood clots (thrombosis)').

In this leaflet:

1. What is Microgynon 30 and for what is this medicine used?
2. When are you not allowed to use this medicine not use or should you take extra careful with be?
3. How to use you this medicine?
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store you this medicine?
6. Contents of the packaging and other information

1. What is Microgynon 30 and what is this medicine usedfor

? Microgynon 30 is contraceptive pill. Microgynon 30 is used to prevent pregnancy ..

that contain two hormones are called ' combination pillscombination pillsnamed . The twodifferent different female hormones are levonorgestrel (a hormone with progesterone-like action) and ethinylestradiol (a hormone with estrogenic action). Contraceptive pills with two hormones are very reliable. If they correctly are taken (without any tablets being forgotten) the chance of pregnancy very small.

2. When may you this medicine not use or must you be extra careful with be?

General remarks

Read before you start with the use of Microgynon 30 the information about blood clots (thrombosis) in section 2. It is especially important that you reads what the symptoms are of a blood clot – see section 2 'Blood clots (thrombosis)'.

Before you can start with the use of Microgynon 30, will your doctor ask a number of questions about your personal medical history and that of your close family members family members. The doctor will also your blood pressure measure and, depending on your personal situation, possibly also other examinations perform do.

In this leaflet are different situations described in which you must stop using Microgynon 30 or in which the reliability of the of Microgynon 30 reduced can be. In those situations must you either no sex have, or an extra contraceptive without hormones use, such as for example a condom or another barrier method . Do notuse the temperature method or periodic abstinence . abstinence. These methods can be unreliable because Microgynon 30 the monthly changes of the body temperature and the cervical mucus affects ..

like other other contraceptives with hormones protects Microgynon 30 not against infection with the HIV-virus (AIDS) or other sexually transmitted diseases (STIs).

When may you this medicine not use?

You may this medicine not use if you a of the below mentioned conditions have. If you one of more of the below mentioned conditions has, tell this then to your doctor. Your doctor will discuss with you discuss which other form of contraception more suitable is for you.

Use Microgynon 30 not:

- if you have a blood clot in a blood vessel of the legs (deep venous thrombosis, DVT), the lungs (pulmonary embolism, PE) or another organ has, or this in the past has had
- if you know that you have a disorder that affects your blood clotting affects – for example protein C deficiency, protein S-deficiency, antithrombin III-deficiency, factor V-Leiden or antibodies against phospholipids
- if you need to be operated on or for a long time are not mobile (see section 'Blood clots (thrombosis)')
- if you ever had a heart attack or stroke had if you have angina pectoris (angina pectoriscondition disorder that severe pain in the chest causes and a first symptom of a heart attack can be) or a transient ischemic attack has (TIA – transient symptoms of a stroke), or this ever had if you a of the following diseases , which has, that the risk of a blood clot in your arteries can increase:
 - o severe diabetes (diabetes) with damage to blood vessels
 - o severely increased blood pressure
 - o a seriously elevated fat content in your blood (cholesterol or triglycerides)
 - o a condition called hyperhomocysteinemia is called
- if you a type of migraine that 'migraine with aura' is called has (or has had)
- if you a severe liver disease or jaundice have, or in the past have had
- if you a tumor in your liver have, or have had
- if you breast cancer or cancer of the genital organs has, or in the past has had

if you unusual bleeding from the vagina has, of which the cause not is determined if you allergic are to one of the substances in this medicine. These substances can you find in section 6.

Use Microgynon 30 not if you have hepatitis C have and for this medicines with ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, dasabuvir, glecaprevir/pibrentasvir or sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir used (see also section 2 'Do you take other medications?').

When should you be extra careful with this this medicine?

When should you contact contact with your doctor?

Call emergency medical assistance if

- you have possible complaints or symptoms of a blood clot noticed, which can mean that you suffer from a blood clot in your leg (i.e.. deep venous thrombosis), a blood clot in your lung (i.e.. pulmonary embolism), a heart attack or a stroke (see below the section 'Blood clots (thrombosis)').

Go for a description of the complaints or symptoms of these serious side effects to 'How recognizes you a blood clot?'.
Go for a description of the complaints or symptoms of these serious side effects to 'How recognizes you a blood clot?'.

Tell it your doctor, if a of the following situations applies to you is. Contact

your doctor or doctor or pharmacist before you this medicine use. In some situations must you extra careful be if you Microgynon 30 or another combination pill combination pill used. The may necessary be that you regularly by your doctor are monitored. If the condition develops, or worsens, while u Microgynon 30 used, must you this also to your doctor tell.

If you smoke.

If you have diabetes (diabetes) has.

If you a lot too overweight are.

If you a elevated blood pressure have.

If you a condition of the heart valves or a certain arrhythmia has.

If someone in your immediate family ever thrombosis, a heart attack or a stroke has had.

If you suffer from migraine.

If you have epilepsy (see' Are you usingany other medications ?'). If someone in your household your direct family ever breast cancer has had.

If you a condition of the liver or of the gallbladder have.

If you have disease of Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis (chronic inflammatory bowel disease) have

If you systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE – a disease that your natural immune system affects) have.

If you hemolytic-uremic syndrome (HUS – a disorder of the blood clotting that kidney failure causes) has.

If you sickle cell anemia (a hereditary disease of the red blood cells) has.

If you elevated lipid levels in your blood (hypertriglyceridemia) have, or this condition occurs in your family history of is in your family occurred. Hypertriglyceridemia is in association brought with a higher risk to pancreatitis (an inflammation of the pancreas) to receive.

If you operated must be or you are for a long time not on your feet (see 'Blood clots' in section 2).

If you recently give birth are, have you a increased risk of developing from blood clots. Ask your doctor how soon after the delivery you can start with the use of Microgynon 30.

If you have inflammation in the veins just under the skin (superficial thrombophlebitis) has

If you varicose veins have.

If you have chloasma have or you have ever had chloasma had (yellow-brown pigment spots, so-called 'pregnancy spots', especially in the face); if this is the case , it is advisable to avoid exposure to sunlight or ultraviolet light to avoid.

If you symptoms of angio-edema experience, such as a swollen face, tongue and/or throat and/or difficulty swallowing or hives furuncles possible together with problems with breathing, contact your doctor immediately. Products that estrogenic hormones contain, may possibly the symptoms of hereditary and acquired angio-edema cause or exacerbate.

BLOOD CLOTS (THROMBOSIS)

If you a combined hormonal contraceptive such as Microgynon 30 use, has you a higher risk of blood clots to get than if you do not combined hormonal contraceptive use. In rarely occurring cases can a blood clot a blood vessel block and serious problems cause.

Blood clots can form

in veins (this is called 'venous thrombosis', 'venous thromboembolism' or VTE called),
in arteries (this is 'arterial thrombosis', 'arterial thromboembolism' of ATE mentioned).

One recovers not always completely from blood clots. In rarely occurring cases can there be long-term serious effects be, or in very rare cases can blood clots be fatal ..

important that you know that the overall risk of on a harmful blood clot by Microgynon 30 small is.

HOW TO RECOGNIZE A BLOOD CLOT?

Call emergency medical assistance if you experience one of the following symptoms of symptoms noticed.

Do you get you a of these complaints or symptoms? Where can you suffer from?

swelling of a leg or along a vein in Deep venous thrombosis

a leg or foot, especially if this is accompanied by

with:

pain or tenderness of the leg, which
you may only feel when standing or walking

elevated

temperature in the affected

leg discoloration

discoloration of the skin of the

leg, for example pale, red or

blue become

Risk of in one year one
blood clot to get

Women who do not combined hormonal
pill use and not pregnant are

About 2 out of every
10,000 women

Women who a combination pill use that
levonorgestrel contains

Approximately 5-7 out of every
10,000 women

Women who Microgynon 30 use

Approximately 5-7 of every
10,000 women

Factors that your risk of a blood clot in a vein increase

The risk of a blood clot with Microgynon 30 is small, but there are certain circumstances that increase the risk. Your risk is higher:

if you serious overweight has (BMI [body mass index] higher than 30 kg/m²)

if one of your close family members at young age (for example before the 50^e year) a blood clot has had in a leg, lung or other organ. In that case can you a hereditary coagulation disorder have.

if you a surgery must undergo, or if you long time not mobile due to an injury or or disease, or if your leg in the cast is. It may be necessary to before a surgery, or when you are less mobile , some weeks to stop with the use of Microgynon 30. If you need to stop with Microgynon 30, ask then your doctor when you again can start with the use.

if you older become (in the especially about above the 35 years)

if you in the past weeks give birth are.

The risk of a blood clot increases as there more of these conditions apply to you are ..

plane airplane (longer than 4 hours) can your risk of a blood clot temporarily increase, especially if there are some other of the mentioned circumstances apply to you applicable are.

It is important that you your doctor tell if a or more of these circumstances on you of applicable are, even if you about this doubt. Your doctor can decide that you must stop with the use of Microgynon 30.

If one of the above mentioned conditions changes while you Microgynon 30 use, for example if a next to family member a blood clot (thrombosis) gets without known cause, or if you gain a lot of weight ,tell tell this then to your doctor.

BLOOD CLOT IN AN ARTERY

What can happen if a blood clot is formed in an artery ? artery?

Just like a blood clot in a vein, can a blood clot in an artery cause serious problems. It can for example one heart attack or one stroke cause.

Factors that your risk of a blood clot in an artery increase

It is important that you know that the risk of a heart attack or stroke from the use of Microgynon 30 is very small, but greater can become:

- with increasing age (above approximately 35 years)
- if you smoke. If you use a combined hormonal contraceptive such as Microgynon 30, it is recommended that you stop smoking. If you cannot quit smoking and are older than 35 years, can your doctor recommend a different type of contraceptive to use
- if you are overweight
- if you have high blood pressure
- if a member of your immediate family at a young age (before the 50th year) a heart attack or stroke has had. In that case, can you also have an increased risk of a heart attack or stroke
- if you, or a member of your immediate family, have a high fat level in the blood (cholesterol or triglycerides)
- if you have migraines, especially migraines with aura
- if you have heart disease (heart valve disease, or a heart rhythm disorder called atrial fibrillation)
- if you have diabetes (diabetes).

If more than one of these conditions apply to you, or if one of these conditions is particularly serious, can the risk of developing a blood clot be even further increased?

If one of the above mentioned conditions changes while you use Microgynon 30, for example if you start with smoking or if a relative with a blood clot (thrombosis) gets without known cause, or if you gain weight rapidly, tell this to your doctor.

Microgynon 30 and cancer

Among women who use the pill, there is slightly more often breast cancer diagnosed than among non-pill users of the same age. Ten years after stopping the pill, there is no difference anymore. It is not known if this difference is caused by the pill. It can also be because pill users are more thoroughly and more often examined, so that breast cancer is detected earlier. How earlier the cancer is detected, the better the outcomes of the treatment.

In rare cases, benign liver tumors are found in pill users, and in even rarer cases, malignant liver tumors. Sometimes these tumors lead to a life-threatening internal bleeding. If you suddenly experience severe abdominal pain, you must immediately contact your doctor.

In women who have used the pill for a longer period of time, there has been slightly more often cervical cancer diagnosed. This does not necessarily come from the pill but can be related to sexual behavior and other factors. It is not yet clear how large the influence of this is on the getting of cervical cancer. It is quite clear that the main cause of cervical cancer is a persistent infection with the so-called human papillomavirus (HPV).

Psychological disorders

Some women who use hormonal contraceptives including Microgynon 30, have reported depression or melancholy. Depression can be serious and can sometimes lead to

suicidal thoughts . If you mood swings and symptoms of depression from depression experiences, then contact as soon as possible with your doctor for further medical advice.

Interim bleeding

With all pills can in the first few months sometimes unexpected bleeding occur (spotting or breakthrough bleeding). You may then not without sanitary pad sanitary napkin. in any case as usual ordinary your tablets take. The irregular bleeding usually stops when your body once accustomed becomes is to the respective pill pill (after approximately 3 strips). If it lasts longer, worsens or starts again , you should contact your doctor. with your doctor.

What you must do if you do not get bleeding during the tablet-free days If you have taken all tablets correctly have taken ,no trouble last has had of vomiting and also no other medications has used, it is highly unlikely that you pregnant are. You can then reassured with the next strip continue.

If the expected bleeding however two times in a row does not occur you may be pregnant . Contact. Take immediately contact your doctor. Do not continue with the next pack of Microgynon 30 before your doctor has determined that you are not pregnant are.

Use in children

Microgynon 30 is not intended for women who have not menstruated.

Use in older women

Microgynon 30 must not used be after the menopause.

Do you still other medications?

Do you besides Microgynon 30 still other medicines, or have you that recently done or exists the possibility that you in the near future other medicines medicines goes use? Tell that then your doctor or pharmacist. They can you tell if it necessary is to take extra contraceptive measures to take (for example condoms) and, if that the case is, how long you this must do.

Some medications can an effect have on the blood levels of Microgynon 30 and can the protection against pregnancy reduce, or can unexpected bleeding cause. It concerns this for: medications for the treatment of

- o epilepsy (for example primidone, phenytoin, barbiturates, carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, topiramate or felbamate)
- o tuberculosis (for example rifampicin)
- o infections with the HIV- and hepatitis C virus (so-called protease inhibitors and non-nucleoside fungal infections (ritonavir, nevirapine, efavirenz).
- o fungal infections (griseofulvin)
- o arthritis, osteoarthritis (etoricoxib)
- o high blood pressure in the pulmonary blood vessels (bosentan).

the herbal remedy St. John's wort.

Microgynon 30 may the effect of other medications influence, for example

medications containing cyclosporine contain
the anti-epileptic drug lamotrigine (this can lead to an increased number attacks)
theophylline (is used for the treatment of respiratory problems)
tizanidine (is used for the treatment of muscle pain and/or muscle cramps).

Use Microgynon 30 not if you have hepatitis C have and for this medicines with ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, dasabuvir, glecaprevir/pibrentasvir of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir used, because these agents a increase of the ALT-liver enzyme (a liver function blood test) can cause.

Your doctor will you a another contraceptive prescribe before you start with the treatment with this medicines. Microgynon 30 can approximately 2 weeks after end of this treatment be resumed. See section 2 'When may you this medicine not use?'

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

If you are pregnant , or think that you might be pregnant could be ,may you Microgynon 30 not use.

The use of Microgynon 30 is generally not recommended as long as a woman is breastfeeding breastfeeding gives. If you pill still want to use while you are still breastfeeding ,you can best contact your doctor. Driving ability with your doctor.

Driving ability in the use of machines

There are no indications that the driving ability is affected.

Microgynon 30 contains sucrose and lactose

If your doctor has told you cannot tolerate certain sugars not tolerate, contact your doctor before you take this medicine.

3. How do you use this medicine ?Use

this medication always exactly as your doctor told you . Are you unsure. Doubts you about the correct use? Then contact your doctor or pharmacist.

When and how do you take the tablets ?

The strip contains 21 tablets. With every tablet state indicated on which day it must be taken. Take the tablets every day approximately at the same time each day, if necessary with some water. Follow the direction of the arrow that is on the strip indicated until you have taken all 21 tablets have taken. Afterwards take 7 days no tablet. During the course of this 7 days should a bleeding to start (the so-called withdrawal bleeding). This usually starts on the 2nd or 3rd day after the last tablet Microgynon 30. Start on the 8th day with the next strip, regardless of whether the bleeding has already ended or not. This means that you always on the same day of the week with a next strip start, and also that the withdrawal bleeding every month approximately on the same days falls.

If you Microgynon 30 in this way use, you are also during the 7 days that you do not take a tablet protected against pregnancy.

When to start with the first strip?

You have the past month no contraceptive pill used

Start with Microgynon 30 on the first day of the cycle (the first day of your menstruation). Take one tablet at the corresponding day marking on the strip. You may also on day 2-5 of the cycle start but then you must in the first 7 days still use an extra contraceptive (for example a condom) use.

Switching from another combination pill combination pill vaginal contraceptive ring or contraceptive patch You can start with Microgynon 30 on the day after you the last tablet of your previous pill has taken (so without break). If there with your previous pill also non-active tablets in the pack sit, must you immediately continue after the last active tablet of your previous pill (if you do not know which that is, ask then your doctor or pharmacist). You may also start later , but never later than on the day after the end of the tablet-free period of from your previous pill (or after the last inactive tablet of your previous pill). If you a vaginal contraceptive ring or a contraceptive patch have used, must you preferably start with the use of Microgynon 30 on the day of removal of the last ring or patch of from one cycle pack, but not later than on the day on which you a new ring should insert or a new patch should insert must patches.

Switching from a minipill

You can from the one to the other day switch to Microgynon 30, but you must the first 7 days indeed a extra contraceptive (for example a condom) use.

Switching from the injection or an implant

Start with Microgynon 30 when you otherwise the next injection would receive or on the day on which the implant is removed. You must the first 7 days however indeed a extra contraceptive (for example a condom) use.

After a delivery

If you have just given birth are, will your doctor probably recommend to wait until your first spontaneous menstruation, but sometimes it is possible earlier to start. Follow the advice of your doctor. That applies also for the case that you are breastfeeding and the pill want wants use.

After a miscarriage or abortion

Follow the advice of your doctor.

Have you too much of this medicine used?

There are no reports of serious adverse effects from taking a lot of Microgynon 30 30 at once ..

several multiple tablets simultaneously have taken, can you experience get from nausea, vomiting or vaginal bleeding. Even girls who not yet not menstruate can vaginal bleeding get if they per accident this medicine have taken.

Did you forget this medicine to use?

If you are less than 12 hours late in taking the medication , a tablet, the effectiveness of the pill is not reduced. Then take that tablet anyway as soon as you you to it think and take the next tablets again at the usual time in.

If you more than 12 hours too late are with the taking of one tablet, can the effectiveness of the pill reduced be. How more tablets you consecutively forgotten are, the more greater becomes the chance that the effectiveness of the pill reduced is. The chance of insufficient protection against pregnancy is the greatest when tablets

are skipped to the beginning or to the end of the strip. Therefore apply the following rules (see also the diagram):

More than 1 tablet forgotten in this strip

Contact your doctor.

1 tablet forgotten in week 1

Take the forgotten tablet as soon as you think of it, even if this would mean that you take two tablets on the same moment. Take further the tablets again at the usual time in, but you must also during 7 days extra contraceptives use. If you in the week before the forgotten tablet sex have had can you pregnant be. Contact in that case therefore immediately contact with your doctor.

1 tablet forgotten in week 2

Take the forgotten tablet as soon as you think of it, even if this would mean that that you two tablets at the same time must take. Take further the tablets again at the usual time in. The effect of the pill is not reduced, you do not need any extra contraceptives to use.

1 tablet forgotten in week 3

You can choose from two options:

1. Take the forgotten tablet as soon as you remember, even if this would mean that you take two tablets at the same time the same must take. Take further the tablets again at the usual time in. Skip moreover the tablet-free period and continue immediately with the next next strip. Most likely you will only at the end of the second strip a real withdrawal bleeding, but you may during the second strip still last get of spotting or a breakthrough bleeding.
2. You can also stop with the relevant strip and after a tablet-free period of 7 days (tel wel always the day with on which you forgot the tablet) continue with the next strip. If you on your fixed start day with start day with a new strip want start, you may a tablet-free period of less than 7 days maintain.

If you in a strip tablets have forgotten and you gets no bleeding in the next normal tablet-free period can that mean that you pregnant are. You must contact get in touch with your doctor before you continue with the next strip. What you

must do in case of vomiting or severe diarrhea If you

within inside 3-4 hours after the taking of a tablet you vomit, or severe diarrhea occurs, there is a chance that the active substances not completely in the body are absorbed. This situation is comparable to the forgetting of a tablet.

After vomiting or diarrhea must you as quickly as possible a new tablet from a reserve strip take. If possible within 12 hours after the time at which you normally your pill take. If this not possible is, or if the 12 hours already passed are, must you the advice follow as above indicated at 'Have you forgotten this medicine to use? '.

Postponing the menstruation: what you need to know

U can your menstruation delay by without tablet-free period continue to go with a new pack Microgynon 30. You can with this strip continue until all tablets are finished or if desired stop earlier. You can during the use of this second strip well last have of breakthrough bleeding or spotting. After the usual tablet-free period of 7 days you then start again with the next strip.

The start day of your menstruation change: what you need to know

If you take your tablets according to the instructions, then your menstruation will always start at approximately the same day. If you want to change this day, then you can do this by the normal tablet-free period between two packs to shorten (but never by to lengthen). For example if your menstruation normally starts on Friday and you want that in the future to start on Tuesday (3 days earlier) then you must now start 3 days earlier than usual with the new strip. If you make the tablet-free period very short (for example 3 days or less) it can happen that you will have no bleeding during this tablet-free period. You can then during the next pack experience breakthrough bleeding or spotting.

If you stop using the use of this medicine

You can stop using Microgynon 30 when you want. If you do not want to become pregnant, ask your doctor for advice regarding other reliable methods of contraception.

If you stop because you want to become pregnant, it is generally recommended to wait until you have had a natural menstruation before you try to become pregnant. You can then more easily calculate when the delivery will take place.

Do you have any questions about the use of this medicine? Please contact your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like each medicine, this drug can have side effects, although not everyone experiences them. Do you have any side effects, especially if they are serious, long-lasting, or occur with a change in your health condition of which you think that it could be caused by Microgynon 30? Then contact your doctor.

All women who use combined hormonal contraceptives have a higher risk of blood clots in the veins (venous thromboembolism [VTE]) or blood clots in the arteries (arterial thromboembolism [ATE]). See for more information about the different risks of the use of combined hormonal contraceptives section 2 'When should you be extra careful with this medication?'

Serious side effects

Serious side effects associated with the use of the pill are described in 'Blood clots (thrombosis)' and 'Microgynon 30 and cancer'. Read these paragraphs for more information and consult immediately your doctor if necessary.

Contact immediately your doctor if you experience symptoms of angio-edema such as a swollen face, tongue and/or throat and/or problems with swallowing or hives possibly together with problems with breathing (see also section 2: 'When should you be extra careful with this medicine?').

Other possible side effects

The following side effects are reported by pill users. These side effects can especially in the first few months of the pill use occur. Often they resolve on their own after some time.

Often occurring side effects (occur in with 1 to 10 out of 100 users):

- depressive mood, mood change
- headache
- nausea, abdominal pain
- pain in the breasts, sensitive breasts
- weight gain.

Sometimes occurring side effects (occur in 1 to 10 out of 1,000 users):

- libido (desire for sex)
- migraine
- vomiting, diarrhea
- skin rash, skin rash with severe itching and formation of bumps
- enlargement of the breasts
- retention of from moisture.

Rare occurring side effects (occur in 1 to 10 out of 10,000 users):

- hypersensitivity increased
- libido (desire for sex) irritation
- irritation of the eyes in use of contact lenses
- form of skin rash with painful blue-red nodules, form of skin rash where there also speech can be of nodules, blisters or fluid retention
- vaginal discharge, discharge from the nipple
- weight loss
- harmful blood clots in a vein or artery, for example:
 - o in a leg or foot (i.e.. deep venous thrombosis)
 - o in a lung (i.e.. pulmonary embolism)
 - o heart attack
 - o stroke
 - o 'mini-stroke' or temporary symptoms such as in a stroke, known as TIA (transient ischemic attack)
 - o blood clots in the liver, stomach/intestines, kidneys or eyes.

The risk of a blood clot occurring is larger if there other conditions apply to you applicable are that this risk increases (see section 2 for more information about the conditions that risk of blood clots increase and the symptoms of a blood clot).

The following serious side effects are slightly more common reported in women who a contraceptive pill used, but it is not known if this is caused by the treatment (see section 2: 'When must you be extra careful with this medicine ?').

- high blood pressure
- liver tumors
- or breast cancer

following conditions are also in association brought with combination pills:

The disease of Crohn's, ulcerative colitis, porphyria (metabolic disorder that abdominal pain and mental disorders causes), systemic lupus erythematosus (whereby the body attacks its own organs and tissues and damages), herpes at the end of the pregnancy, Sydenham's chorea (rapid involuntary jerking or shaking movements), hemolytic uremic syndrome (a condition that occurs after diarrhea that caused is by E.coli), liver problems that become visible by jaundice.

Reporting side effects of side effects

Do you experience side effects, contact your doctor or pharmacist. This applies also to possible side effects that are not in this leaflet. You can report side effects also directly via the Dutch Side effects Centrum Lareb, website www.lareb.nl. By reporting side effects to report, you can help us gain more information about the safety of this medicine.

5. How do you store this medicine ?Store

below 30°C. Keep out of

sight and reach of children . Use.

Use this medication not more after the expiry date. It is to find on the packaging and the blister after 'EXP'. There is a month and one year. The last day of that month is the expiry date.

Do not flush medicines down the sink or the toilet and throw them not in the trash can. Ask your pharmacist what to do with medicines you should do that you no longer use . They are then in responsible manner destroyed and do not in the environment end up.

6. Contents of the package and other information

Which substances are in this medicine?

The active ingredients in this medicine are levonorgestrel and ethinylestradiol. Each tablet Microgynon 30 contains 0.030 milligram ethinylestradiol and 0.150 milligram levonorgestrel.

The other substances in this medicine are lactose monohydrate, maize starch, povidone 25 (E1201), magnesium stearate (E470B), sucrose, povidone 700,000, polyethylene glycol 6,000, calcium carbonate (E170), talc (E553b), montan glycol wax (E192), titanium dioxide (E171), glycerol 85% (E442) and iron oxide pigment (yellow, E172).

How does Microgynon 30 look like and how much is in a package?

Microgynon-30 tablets are coated tablets; the core of the tablet is coated with a coating. The tablets are yellow.

A package Microgynon 30 contains 3 strips, each with 21 tablets.

Holder of the authorization for placing on the market and manufacturer Holder

of the authorization for placing on the the in the trade bring

Bayer B.V.

Siriusdreef 36

2132 WT Hoofddorp

Manufacturer

Bayer AG

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In the register registered under RVG 08204

This leaflet is for the last approved in July 2025.

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